## 2.3 Some of One, None of the Other

A Solidify Understanding Task

Carlos and Clarita are comparing strategies for writing equations of the boundary lines for the "Pet Sitter" constraints. They are discussing their work on the *space* constraint.



ing their work on the *space* constraint.

Space: Cat pens will require 6 ft² of space, while dog runs require 24 ft². Carlos and Clarita

room to move around the cages.

Carlos' Method: "I made a table. If I don't have any dogs, then I have room for 60 cats. If I use some

have up to 360 ft<sup>2</sup> available in the storage shed for pens and runs, while still leaving enough

of the space for 1 dog, then I can have 56 cats. With 2 dogs, I can boards 52 cats. For each additional dog, I can board 4 fewer cats. From my table I know the *y*-intercept of my line is 60 and the slope is -4, so my equation is y = -4x + 60."

Clarita's Method: "I let x represent the number of dogs, and y the number of cats. Since dog runs require 24 ft², 24x represents the amount of space used by dogs. Since cat pens require 6 ft², 6y represents the space used by cats. So my equation is 24x + 6y = 360."

- 1. Since both equations represent the same information, they must be equivalent to each other.
  - a. Show the steps you could use to turn Clarita's equation into Carlos' equation. Explain why you can do each step.
  - b. Show the steps you could use to turn Carlos' equation into Clarita's. Explain why you can do each step.
- 2. Use both Carlos' and Clarita's methods to write the equation of the boundary line for the *start-up costs* constraint.
  - Start-up Costs: Carlos and Clarita plan to invest much of the \$1280 they earned from their last business venture to purchase cat pens and dog runs. It will cost \$32 for each cat pen and \$80 for each dog run.
- 3. Show the steps you could use to turn Clarita's *start-up costs* equation into Carlos' equation. Explain why you can do each step.
- 4. Show the steps you could use to turn Carlos' *start-up costs* equation into Clarita's. Explain why you can do each step.

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In addition to writing an equation of the boundary lines, Carlos and Clarita need to graph their lines on a coordinate grid.

Carlos' equations are written in **slope-intercept form**. Clarita's equations are written in **standard form**. Both forms are ways of writing **linear equations**.

Both Carlos and Clarita know they only need to plot two points in order to graph a line.

Carlos' strategy: How might Carlos use his slope-intercept form, y = -4x + 60, to plot two points on his line?

Clarita's strategy: How might Clarita use her standard form, 24x + 6y = 360, to plot two points on her line? (Clarita is really clever, so she looks for the two easiest points she can find.)

